## AKER BIOMARINE

THIRD QUARTER 2020 REPORT

## THIS IS AKER BIOMARINE

Aker BioMarine ("the group" or "the company") is a leading biotechnology company developing krill-derived products for consumer health and wellness and animal nutrition. The company has a strong position in its industry and is the world's leading supplier of krill, the natural, powerful and health promoting source of nutrients from the pristine waters of Antarctica.

Aker BioMarine consists of two business segments, Ingredients and Brands. The Ingredients segment is comprised of offshore harvesting and production, the logistical operation and the onshore manufacturing and sale of krill-derived products globally to the nutraceutical, pet food and aquaculture industries. The Brands segment is the human consumer goods business, which is comprised of Lang and Epion. Lang is a producer and distributor of private labels within the vitamin and supplement categories to the largest retailers in the US market. Epion is Aker BioMarine's consumer brand company. Its first product, Kori, launched in the US mass market in 2020.

## THIRD QUARTER HIGHLIGHTS

- Net sales of USD 70.2 million (USD 68.9 million in the corresponding period last year)
- Net profit of USD 2.4 million (USD 0.6 million)
- Adjusted EBITDA of USD 26.8 million (USD 22.9 million), with $38 \%$ ( $33 \%$ ) Adjusted EBITDA margin in the quarter.
- The Adjusted EBITDA target of USD 80-90 million for the full year 2020 is maintained, but with the current forecast in the low end of the range.
- Onshore operations in Houston had strong performance with increased output combined with more efficient operations.
- The harvested krill volumes in the period was 8,728 MT (11,991 MT), negatively impacted by technical issues on the vessel, Antarctic Endurance, and challenging ice conditions.
- The Kori brand was successfully launched in the US this summer and the development is promising. The product is now rolled out to most of the larger retailers in the US, including Costco, in the third quarter with significant volumes. Kori won second place in ECRM Buyers' Choice Award (the Premium retail event in US).
- Recertified as ‘Sustainable’ by the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) with among top 6\% of the scores, and renewed the A-rating from Sustainable Fishery Partnership.
- Following a private placement of USD 225 million in gross proceeds in June, the shares of Aker BioMarine AS were listed on Merkur Market on July 6, 2020 (ticker: "AKBM-ME").


## GROUP FINANCIAL SUMMARY

|  | Third Quarter | Year to date | Year |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net sales | 70183 | 68866 | 213087 | 174247 | 246170 |
| Gross margin | $46 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $41 \%$ |
| Operating profit | 9872 | 5720 | 10181 | 8767 | 2762 |
| Net profit (loss) | 2385 | 600 | $(8397)$ | $(5916)$ | $(23751)$ |
| Adjusted EBITDA *) | 26821 | 22955 | 57043 | 44836 | 53039 |
| Cash flow from operations | $(34515)$ | 7046 | $(38804)$ | $(3797)$ | 12037 |
| CAPEX | $(13871)$ | $(2104)$ | $(21803)$ | $(153530)$ | $(176201)$ |
| Equity | 366375 | 172473 | 366375 | 172473 | 154547 |
| Total assets | 691189 | 660839 | 691189 | 660839 | 692223 |
| Net interest bearing debt | 222230 | 385907 | 222230 | 385907 | 406454 |

[^0]
## CEO LETTER: IMPROVING HUMAN AND PLANETARY HEALTH

Aker BioMarine is on track for delivering on our long-term growth and earnings targets. The robustness of our business model was clearly demonstrated this quarter, where the temporary impact from lower harvesting volumes were balanced out by strong and structural improvements in other parts of our business.

The development and growth of our branded products is an essential part of Aker BioMarine's journey for value creation. The marketing launch of Kori in the US this summer was a key milestone for us, and I am glad to report that sales are promising with more than $5 x$ growth since the marketing campaign started. New retailers are onboard, and I am especially proud that Kori now is added to the shelves of Costco. We see that as a testament to Aker BioMarine's product development and execution capabilities, building confidence in the innovation pipeline currently maturing in the company. I look forward to new and bold product launches in the near future!

We have also strengthened our long-term commitment to sustainability. Recently, our krill fishery was re-certified by the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) with scores among the top 6\% of all their certified fisheries. In addition, we are delighted to have received our 6th consecutive A-rating from Sustainable Fishery Partnership, making the Antarctic krill fishery rated the most sustainable fisheries in the world.

Every day, we at Aker BioMarine live by our purpose of improving human and planetary health. I am very proud of our achievements as a team this quarter and together we will continue to create value for all our stakeholders.

## Matts Johansen

CEO

## OPERATIONAL REVIEW

## Ingredients segment

Aker BioMarine took delivery of the first ever customized krill harvesting vessel, Antarctic Endurance, in January 2019, and now owns and operates three krill harvesting vessels in Antarctic waters. The new vessel contains advanced, bespoke technology. However, several adjustments and modifications were identified and completed in both 2019 and in 2020 as part of the ramp-up process.

At the start of the third quarter, challenging ice conditions impacted harvesting negatively. A planned catch-up in the later part of the quarter was curbed by some technical issues on the Antarctic Endurance, as well by increased logistical complexities due to Covid-19 measures. The offshore production in the period was $8,728 \mathrm{MT}$, compared to 11,991 MT in the same quarter last year.

In late September, the fleet sailed to Montevideo for planned maintenance and all three vessels are expected to resume normal operations from early December after a shortened stay at the shipyard.

Total sales in the Ingredients segment was in line with same period last year. For Superba, regulatory changes in South Korea negatively impacted sales but was partly offset by strong underlying growth in other markets and with other customers. Aker BioMarine is now meeting all regulatory requirements for South Korea. Sales volume in the Qrill category increased 20\% from the same period last year. However, the availability of the Qrill Aqua products proved a challenge in the third quarter as a result of reduced harvesting which limited growth. Sales volume in the Qrill Pet category increased by $29 \%$ compared with the same period last year.

Aker BioMarine's krill oil extraction facility in Houston had strong performance and production volumes increased $23 \%$ from same period last year. The key drivers behind this result were lower unit costs and strengthened operating margins, process optimization, data utilization and analysis, as well as a new management team with relentless focus on cost and efficiency. Collectively, the measures have resulted in lower unit costs and strengthened operating margins.

The Covid-19 situation has been monitored closely from the outbreak in early 2020. None of Aker BioMarine's operating vessels, nor the plant in Houston, have experienced any significant disruptions, and the main operational challenges have been related to conducting crew-changes in a safe manner and handling the global logistics without significant delays, with the result being additional incurred cost.

## Brands segment

The new consumer brand, Kori, was launched in the US during the summer. A large marketing campaign launched on July 4 and retail sales were at the quarter-end up $5.5 x$ compared to July. Retail distribution ramp-up was slightly slower than expected, partly due to Covid-19. However, the distribution network increased significantly following Costco, one of the largest US retailers, coming on stream in September together with Big Y.

Kori was in September awarded second place in the ECRM/Drug Store News' "Buyers Choice Award" in competition with more than 70 other products. Aker BioMarine regards this award as an encouraging testament from retailers.

Lang is delivering according to plan. The company continues to develop and grow the production and distribution of products within the supplement and vitamins segment and reports a $16 \%$ sales increase from third quarter last year.

## OVERVIEW OF NEWSFLOW DURING THIRD QUARTER

## A selection of the posts below can be found at our homepage: https://www.akerbiomarine.com/news

| Date | New publications and science |
| :--- | :--- |
| $7 / 7$ | Krill improves digestion and leads to greater growth and survival in farmed shrimp <br> Effect of different feed inclusion levels of krill meal on growth and Hepatopancreas Morphology of <br> Litopenaeus vannamei. Burri, Berge, Chumkam and Jintasataporn. Aquaculture Research |
| 18/8 | Published field study demonstrates Krill Oil targets Choline depletion during physical activity <br> Effect of krill oil and race distance on serum choline metabolites in triathletes: A field study. <br> Storsve et al. Frontiers in Nutrition (7/133) |

New study demonstrates improved health and meat quality in Atlantic Salmon fed with Krill
28/8 Dietary inclusion of Antarctic krill meal during the finishing feed period improves health and filet quality of Atlantic Salmon. Mørkøre et. Al. British journal of Nutrition

## Study shows superior uptake of omega 3 in dogs

6/10 Enhanced omega-3 index after long- versus short-chain omega-3 fatty acid supplementation in dogs. Dominguez, Kaur and Burri. Veterinary Medicine and Science

Astaxanthin and QHP increased resistance and survival under hyper-intensive nursery conditions Oct Effect of dietary graded levels of astaxanthin krill oil and high protein krill meal on the growth performance and stress resistance of post-larval Litopenaeus vannamei under hyper-intensive nursery culture. Nunes, Soares, Sabry-Neto and Burri. Aquaculture Nutrition

| Date | Other news in the quarter |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7/7 | Granted US-patent for high concentrate krill oil US 10,704,011 B2 |
| 5/8 | Granted EU-patent for improved filet quality in farmed fish EP3154370 B1 |
| 23/9 | Launched state-of-the-art support vessel, Antarctic Provider |
| 24/9 | Extended Aker BioMarine management with new EVP for offshore operations Former Havfisk Norway Seafoods CEO Webjørn Barstad |
| Sept | Head if Investor Relations (IR), recruited Former Danske Bank analyst, Martin Stenshall |
| 15/10 | Fishery certified as state of the art in renewed MSC-certification |
| 20/10 | Granted US-patent for krill oil compositions for use in pharmaceuticals US 10,806,742 |
| 22/10 | Antarctic krill fishery rated most sustainable for the sixth consecutive year Rated A by Sustainable Fishery Partnership |
| 22/10 | Aker BioMarine backed Antarctic Wildlife Research Fund awarded three new grants for ecosystem research in Antarctica Receiving institutes are Institute of Marine Research, University of California and British Antarctic Survey |

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

The lower-than-expected krill harvesting reduced the availability of Qrill Aqua products for sale in the quarter. In addition, there has been temporary regulatory issues affecting Superba sales to South Korea.

Consequently, net sales of USD 70.2 million in the quarter were lower than expected but were up compared to the third quarter last year, mainly driven by growth in the Brands segment. Revenue distribution was $66 \%$ for Ingredients and 34\% for Brands, compared to last year's distribution of $71 \%$ and $29 \%$, respectively. Adjusted EBITDA was USD 26.8 million (USD 22.9 million), with $38 \%$ ( $33 \%$ ) Adjusted EBITDA margin in the quarter. Special operating items in the quarter include Oslo Børs listing costs (USD 1.1 million), sales gain from Juvel (USD 0.4 million) and Kori launch cost (USD 4.3 million). See separate section included in this report on Alternative Performance Measures for further details. For the Ingredients segment, production efficiency and higher volumes led to high margins for Superba in the quarter. The Brands segment developed as planned, with normal operations at Lang and with the ongoing launch with US retailers leading to gradually increased sales of Kori.

The development of the USD/NOK currency rate was unfavorable for operating costs in the third quarter, with about USD 1.4 million in negative effect. Aker BioMarine reported a net profit of USD 2.4 million (USD 0.6 million) in the third quarter of 2020.

Total assets at period-end was USD 691.3 million, reflecting the steady build-up of inventory in the current quarter and recent years' acquisitions and investments in production assets.

During the quarter, the company paid down debt to Aker ASA, including accrued guarantee fee and accrued interest, amounting to USD 115.7 million, as outlined in the Merkur listing documents. In addition, with proceeds from the Merkur listing, the company reduced the revolving credit facility by USD 75.0 million. After these transactions the interest-bearing debt stood at USD 235.2 million as of September 30, 2020. Cash and cash equivalents were USD 13.1 million, implying a net interest-bearing debt of USD 222.1 million, down from 385.9 million one year earlier. Available liquidity as of September 30, 2020 was USD 130.3 million (comprising cash on hand and RCF facilities). As expected, cash flow from operations was negative by USD 34.5 million in the quarter. Cash flow from operations is impacted by payment of accrued guarantee fee and accrued interest towards Aker ASA (USD 30 million) and build-up of inventory.

At the end of the quarter, the company had a solid financial position with proceeds from the IPO used to pay down debt, both to Aker ASA, and under the corporate revolving credit facility. The balance sheet totaled USD 691.2 million at 30 September 2020. Total equity was 366.4 million, with an equity ratio of $53.0 \%$ and net debt of USD 222.1 million. Working capital ratio was improved to 2.8 in third quarter 2020, up from 2.5 in the third quarter 2019. For the first nine months of 2020 net sales was USD 213.1 million (USD 174.2 million) and Adjusted EBITDA of USD 57.0 million (USD 44.8 million). Adjusted EBITDA margin of 26.8\% (25.7\%).

## Risks and uncertainties

The company is exposed to credit, liquidity and interest risk in addition to operational risks and uncertainties relating to harvesting and offshore processing technologies, fluctuations in annual krill harvesting, onshore production processes and product quality, ability to develop new products, and general market risk. The ongoing Covid-19 pandemic inherently increases many of these risk factors; markets become more uncertain, operations become more vulnerable to interruptions and policy makers around the world may gravitate towards stricter regulations impacting international trade.

The company has adopted a risk management policy to identify, measure, and mitigate risks. For a more detailed discussion on market risk, credit risk, and liquidity risk, see the Annual Accounts 2019 Note 20 (Financial risk).

## OUTLOOK

The company maintains its Adjusted EBITDA target of USD 80-90 million for the full year 2020, but with the current forecast in the low end of the range.

The company plans for total vessel production of between 6,500 and 7,500 MT in the fourth quarter. For the next harvesting season, we expect Antarctic Endurance to operate at near full capacity, up from around $62 \%$ in 2020.

The company aim to list on the main list of the Oslo Børs during the first quarter of 2021.

## INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AKER BIOMARINE GROUP
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

|  |  | Third Quarter |  | Year to date |  | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Note | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net sales | 2 | 70183 | 68866 | 213087 | 174247 | 246170 |
| Cost of goods sold | 2 | (37589) | (35 984) | (129 417) | (99 958) | (145 901) |
| Gross profit |  | 32594 | 32882 | 83670 | 74289 | 100269 |
| Selling, general and administrative expense | 2,5,6 | $(23602)$ | (20 268) | (67 056) | (53 141) | (76 464) |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | 2 | (4308) | (8685) | (12 540) | (13 153) | (17 822) |
| Other operating income/(cost), net |  | 5188 | 1790 | 6107 | 772 | (3221) |
| Operating profit |  | 9872 | 5719 | 10181 | 8767 | 2762 |
| Net financial items |  | (7364) | (5 120) | (18 191) | (14 559) | (26 097) |
| Tax expense |  | (123) | 0 | (387) | (124) | (415) |
| Net profit (loss) |  | 2385 | 600 | $(8397)$ | (5916) | (23 751) |

Earnings per share to equityholders of Aker BioMarine AS

| Basic | 0,03 | 0,01 | $-0,13$ | $-0,09$ | $-0,34$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Diluted | 0,03 | 0,01 | $-0,13$ | $-0,09$ | $-0,34$ |

AKER BIOMARINE GROUP ACCOUNTS
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

|  | Third Quarter |  | Year to date |  | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars Note | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net loss | 2385 | 600 | (8397) | (5916) | (23 751) |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defined benefit plan income gains (losses) | - | - | - | - | (111) |
| Total items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss | - | - | - | - | (111) |
| Translation differences | - | - | (14) | - | - |
| Translation differences from equity accounted investees | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss | - | - | (14) | - | - |
| Change in fair value cash flow hedges | (3 193) | - | (3932) | - | - |
| Total items that will be reclassified to profit and loss | (3 193) | - | (3932) | - | - |
| Total other comprehensive income (loss) | $(3193)$ | - | (3946) | - | (111) |
| Total comprehensive income (loss) | (808) | 600 | (12 343) | (5916) | $(23862)$ |

AKER BIOMARINE GROUP ACCOUNTS

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Note | As of 30.092020 | As of 30.092019 | As of 31.122019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS |  |  |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 285351 | 315353 | 302366 |
| Right to use assets |  | 12919 | 12129 | 16555 |
| Intangible assets | 6 | 192710 | 163834 | 190297 |
| Other non-interest-bearing non-current receivables |  | 6079 | 255 | 145 |
| Investments in equity-accounted investees |  | 131 | 260 | 260 |
| Total non-current assets |  | 497190 | 491832 | 509624 |
| Inventories | 7 | 119415 | 97835 | 94725 |
| Trade receivable and prepaid expenses |  | 61529 | 49254 | 74264 |
| Cash and cash equivalents |  | 13055 | 21918 | 13610 |
| Total current assets |  | 193999 | 169007 | 182599 |
| Total assets |  | 691189 | 660839 | 692223 |

LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY

| Share capital | 75853 | 68003 | 68003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Other paid-in equity | 493548 | 277227 | 277227 |
| Total paid-in equity | 569401 | 345230 | 345230 |
| Translation differences and other reserves | 140 | 154 | 154 |
| Retained earnings | (203 166) | (172 912) | (190 838) |
| Total equity | 366375 | 172474 | 154547 |
| Interest-bearing debt | 204391 | 379884 | 372473 |
| Other non-interest-bearing non-current liabilities | 50972 | 41350 | 65618 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 255363 | 421234 | 438091 |
| Interest-bearing current liabilities | 30894 | 27942 | 47591 |
| Accounts payable and other payables | 38557 | 39189 | 51994 |
| Total current liabilities | 69451 | 67131 | 99585 |
| Total liabilities | 324814 | 488365 | 537676 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 691189 | 660839 | 692223 |

AKER BIOMARINE GROUP ACCOUNTS
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

|  | Third Quarter |  | Year to date |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net profit (loss) after tax | 2385 | 600 | (8397) | (5916) | (23 751) |
| Tax expenses | 123 | (1) | 387 | 124 | 415 |
| Net interest and guarantee expenses | 3537 | 7041 | 15390 | 15600 | 21699 |
| Interest paid | (18 380) | (14558) | (27 401) | (19789) | (16 520) |
| Interest received | 202 | 277 | 445 | 814 | 1084 |
| Taxes paid | 0 | 1 | 661 | (124) | 920 |
| Impairment charges | 5 | 5936 | (1 159) | 6088 | 6155 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 11962 | 9505 | 35488 | 25481 | 36947 |
| Foreign exchange loss (gain) | 1665 | (1723) | (1262) | (255) | 790 |
| Change in accounts receivable, other current receivables, inventories, accounts payable and other | (36 015) | (31) | (52 956) | (25 820) | (15 432) |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | $(34515)$ | 7046 | $(38804)$ | (3797) | 12307 |
| Payments for property, plant and equipment | (3 871) | (2 101) | (9748) | (106 340) | (126 906) |
| Payments for intangibles | (10 000) | (4) | (12055) | (4) | (10) |
| Proceeds from sales of property,plant and equipments | - | 24 | 21793 | 24 | 255 |
| Investments in subsidiary and associated companies | - | (2) | (0) | (49 293) | (49 284) |
| Net cash flow from investing activities | (13871) | $(2082)$ | (10) | (155 612) | (175 946) |
| Proceeds from issue of debt and change in overdraft facility | (11 378) | (8966) | (22 151) | (14736) | (4 353) |
| Net change in external interest-bearing debt | (170 380) | 6156 | (186 764) | 157050 | 142587 |
| Net funds from issue of shares | 224173 | - | 224173 | - | - |
| Loan from owners | - | 5000 | 23000 | 36500 | 36500 |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | 42415 | 2191 | 38258 | 178813 | 174735 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | (5972) | 7154 | (555) | 19404 | 11096 |
| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of the period | 19026 | 14765 | 13610 | 2515 | 2515 |
| Cash and cash equivalents end of period | 13055 | 21919 | 13055 | 21919 | 13610 |

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrrrr}\text { Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars } & \text { Share capital } & \begin{array}{rlrl}\text { Share } \\ \text { premium }\end{array} & \begin{array}{rl}\text { Other paid- } \\ \text { in capital }\end{array} & \begin{array}{r}\text { Other } \\ \text { reserves }\end{array} & \begin{array}{r}\text { Retained } \\ \text { earnings }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { TOTAL }\end{array}\right\}$

## NOTE 1 REPORTING ENTITY

Aker BioMarine AS is a limited liability company with headquarter located in Norway. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise Aker BioMarine AS and its subsidiaries (the Group). The Group is a global supplier of krill-derived products, with a fully owned supply chain. The operations span from harvesting krill in the Antarctica with vessels owned by the Group, distribution world-wide from Uruguay, and further processing into oil-products in the United States.

## Basis of accounting

Aker BioMarine's interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the European Union. The condensed interim statements are prepared in compliance with the International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements that are part of Aker BioMarine's Annual Report for 2019. They do not include all the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

The group annual accounts of Aker BioMarine can be located at www.akerbiomarine.com.

## Judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated interim financial statements according to IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions each reporting period. The main judgements,
estimates and assumptions are described in the annual consolidated financial statements for 2019 (note 2). Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The significant judgements made by management in the preparation of this interim financial report were made applying the same accounting policies and principles as those described within the 2019 annual report.

## NOTE 2 OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Group's operating segments are separately managed and is segregated as they serve different markets. The identified segments are the Ingredients business, and the Brands business, see note 3 and 7 in the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019, for more information.

The Ingredients segment comprises of offshore harvesting and production, the logistical operation and the onshore manufacturing and sale of krill oil products globally to distributors and feed producers

The Brands segment is the human consumption distribution business which comprises of Lang and Epion. Lang acquires products derived from krill, fish and plants and packages, labels and sells the products onwards to retailers in the US market. Intangible assets recognized through the acquisition of Lang is presented within "adjustments", and not within the Brands segment.

Segment performance is evaluated based on net revenues, Adjusted EBITDA and Net profit (loss).

|  | THIRD QUARTER 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net sales | 50397 | 27782 | (7995) | 70184 |
| Cost of goods sold | (25 006) | (21 366) | 8782 | (37590) |
| Gross profit | 25391 | 6416 | 787 | 32594 |
| SG\&A | (16 183) | (7420) | - | $(23603)$ |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | (3 032) | (122) | (1 154) | (4 308) |
| Other operating income/(cost), net | 4987 | 201 | - | 5188 |
| Operating profit | 11164 | (925) | (367) | 9872 |
| Net financial items | (7115) | (228) | (21) | (7364) |
| Profit (loss) before tax | 4049 | (153) | (388) | 2508 |
| Tax expense | (123) | - | - | (123) |
| Net profit (loss) | 3926 | (1153) | (388) | 2385 |


| EBITDA reconciliation | THIRD QUARTER 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net profit (loss) | 3926 | (1553) | (388) | 2385 |
| Tax expense | 123 | - |  | 123 |
| Net financial items | 7115 | 228 | 21 | 7364 |
| Depreciation and amortization non-production assets | 3032 | 122 | 1154 | 4308 |
| Depreciation and amortization production assets 1) | 7659 | - | (0) | 7659 |
| EBITDA | 21855 | (803) | 787 | 21839 |
| Special Operating Items | 667 | 4315 | - | 4982 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 22522 | 3512 | 787 | 26821 |
| EBITDA margin \% | 45 \% | 13 \% | 32 \% | 38 \% |
| Gross profit | 50 \% | 23 \% | 27 \% | 46 \% |

1) Included in Cost of Goods Sold

|  | THIRD QUARTER 2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net sales | 51185 | 20693 | (3012) | 68866 |
| Cost of goods sold | (22 956) | (16039) | 3012 | (35 984) |
| Gross profit | 28228 | 4654 | - | 32882 |
| SG\&A | (17038) | (3229) | - | (20 267) |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | (5032) | (4) | (3 649) | (8685) |
| Other operating income/(cost), net | 323 | - | 1467 | 1790 |
| Operating profit | 6481 | 1421 | (2 182) | 5720 |
| Net financial items | ( 5 588) | (276) | 744 | (5 120) |
| Profit (loss) before tax | 893 | 1145 | (1438) | 600 |
| Tax expense | (0) | - | - | (0) |
| Net profit (loss) | 893 | 1145 | (1438) | 600 |


| EBITDA reconciliation |  | THIRD QUARTER 2019 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net profit (loss) | 893 | 1145 | (1438) | 600 |
| Tax expense | 0 | - |  | 0 |
| Net financial items | 5588 | 276 | (744) | 5120 |
| Depreciation and amortization non-production assets | 5032 | 4 | 3649 | 8685 |
| Depreciation and amortization production assets 1) | 8814 | - | (2062) | 6752 |
| EBITDA | 20327 | 1425 | (595) | 21157 |
| Special Operating Items | 1798 | - | - | 1798 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 22125 | 1425 | (595) | 22955 |
| EBITDA margin \% | 43 \% | 7 \% | 36 \% | 33 \% |
| Gross profit | 55 \% | 22 \% | 33 \% | 48 \% |

[^1]|  | YTD 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net sales | 142740 | 84275 | (13928) | 213087 |
| Cost of goods sold | (78 370) | (63 430) | 12382 | (129 417) |
| Gross profit | 64371 | 20845 | (1546) | 83670 |
| SG\&A | (47 710) | (19 346) | - | (67 056) |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | $(8895)$ | (187) | (3458) | (12 540) |
| Other operating income/(cost), net | 5906 | 201 | - | 6107 |
| Operating profit | 13672 | 1513 | (5004) | 10181 |
| Net financial items | (15454) | (569) | (2 169) | (18 191) |
| Profit (loss) before tax | (1782) | 944 | $(7173)$ | $(8011)$ |
| Tax expense | 1390 | (1777) | - | (387) |
| Net profit (loss) | (391) | (833) | (7173) | $(8397)$ |


| EBITDA reconciliation | YTD 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net profit (loss) | (391) | (833) | (7173) | $(8397)$ |
| Tax expense | (1390) | 1777 | - | 387 |
| Net financial items | 15454 | 569 | 2169 | 18191 |
| Depreciation and amortization non-production assets | 8895 | 187 | 3458 | 12540 |
| Depreciation and amortization production assets 1) | 22969 | - | - | 22969 |
| EBITDA | 45536 | 1700 | (1546) | 45690 |
| Special Operating Items | 1008 | 10345 | - | 11353 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 46544 | 12045 | (1546) | 57043 |
| EBITDA margin \% | 33 \% | 14 \% | 18 \% | 27 \% |
| Gross profit | 45 \% | 25 \% | 20 \% | 39 \% |

1) Included in Cost of Goods Sold

| Balance sheet items | YTD 2020 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Property, plant and equipment | 285037 | 314 |  | 285351 |
| Right to use asset (leasing) | 12264 | 655 |  | 12919 |
| Intangible assets | 115622 | 12133 | 64955 | 192710 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 5443 | 7612 |  | 13055 |
| Inventory | 87254 | 35574 | (3 413) | 119415 |
| Interest-bearing debt | (173 068) | (65 017) | 2800 | (235 285) |
| Net interest free asset and liabilities | 40493 | (2 290) | (59 993) | (21 790) |
| Total equity | 373045 | (11 019) | 4349 | 366375 |


|  | YTD 2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net sales | 126257 | 53945 | (5955) | 174247 |
| Cost of goods sold | (64 159) | (41754) | 5955 | (99 958) |
| Gross profit | 62098 | 12191 | - | 74289 |
| SG\&A | (46 165) | (6976) | - | (53 141) |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment | (9 497) | (7) | (3 649) | (13 153) |
| Other operating income/(cost), net | (847) | - | 1619 | 772 |
| Operating profit | 5589 | 5208 | $(2030)$ | 8767 |
| Net financial items | (14744) | (559) | 744 | (14559) |
| Profit (loss) before tax | (9 155) | 4649 | (1286) | (5792) |
| Tax expense | (124) | - | - | (124) |
| Net profit (loss) | (9279) | 4649 | (1286) | (5916) |


| EBITDA reconciliation | YTD 2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net profit (loss) | (9 279) | 4649 | (1286) | (5916) |
| Tax expense | 124 | - | - | 124 |
| Net financial items | 14744 | 559 | (744) | 14559 |
| Depreciation and amortization non-production assets | 9497 | 7 | 3649 | 13153 |
| Depreciation and amortization production assets 1) | 18260 | - | - | 18260 |
| EBITDA | 33346 | 5215 | 1619 | 40180 |
| Special Operating Items | 4656 | - | - | 4656 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 38002 | 5215 | 1619 | 44836 |
| Adj EBITDA margin \% | $30 \%$ | 10 \% | 20 \% | 26 \% |
| Gross profit | 49 \% | 23 \% | 27 \% | 43 \% |

1) Included in Cost of Goods Sold

| Balance sheet items | YTD 2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| USD thousands | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Property, plant and equipment | 315052 | 301 |  | 315353 |
| Right to use asset (leasing) | 12129 | - |  | 12129 |
| Intangible assets | 110476 | 77 | 53282 | 163834 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 15153 | 6765 |  | 21918 |
| Inventory | 66526 | 31309 |  | 97835 |
| Interest-bearing debt | (354 907) | (54 939) | 2020 | (407 826) |
| Net interest free asset and liabilities | 8509 | (15920) | (23 360) | (30771) |
| Total equity | 172937 | ( 32 407) | 31942 | 172473 |


| 2019 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Net sales | 177225 | 82330 | (13 384) | 246170 |
| Operating profit | 4034 | 7903 | (9 175) | 2762 |
| Net profit (loss) | (17 378) | 5817 | (12 190) | (23 751) |
| Depreciation and amortization non-production assets | (11 136) | (11) | (6 675) | (17822) |
| Depreciation and amortization production assets 1) | $(25109)$ | - | - | $(25109)$ |
| EBITDA | 40303 | 7884 | (2500) | 45687 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 47655 | 7884 | (2500) | 53039 |

1) Included in Cost of Goods Sold

| Balance sheet items | 2019 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Ingredients | Brands | Adj | TOTAL |
| Property, plant and equipment | 302026 | 340 |  | 302366 |
| Right to use asset (leasing) | 16052 | 503 | - | 16555 |
| Intangible assets | 119805 | 79 | 70413 | 190297 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 7981 | 5629 | - | 13610 |
| Inventory | 60147 | 37078 | (2500) | 94725 |
| Interest-bearing debt | (352 382) | (72 983) | 5301 | $(420064)$ |
| Net interest free asset and liabilities | 8034 | (2613) | (48364) | (42 942) |
| Total equity | 161662 | (31 966) | 24850 | 154547 |

## NOTE 3 ADJUSTED EBITDA

The Executive Management Team (EMT) evaluates the performance based on Adjusted EBITDA. This metric is defined as operating profit before depreciation, amortization, write-downs and impairments, and special operating items. Special operating items include gains or losses on sale of assets, if material, restructuring expenses and other material transactions of either non-recurring nature or special in nature compared to ordinary operational income or expenses. See reconciliation and description of the Alternative Performance Measures (APM) included in this report.

The EMT has provided the following information at 30 September 2020:

|  | Second Quarter |  | Year to date |  | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars Note | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net profit (loss) | 2385 | 600 | (8397) | (5916) | (23 751) |
| Tax expense | 123 | (0) | 387 | 124 | 415 |
| Net financial items | 7364 | 5120 | 18191 | 14559 | 26097 |
| EBIT | 9872 | 5719 | 10181 | 8767 | 2762 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment non-production assets | 4308 | 8685 | 12540 | 13153 | 17822 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment production assets 1) | 7659 | 6752 | 22969 | 18260 | 25109 |
| EBITDA | 21839 | 21156 | 45690 | 40181 | 45693 |
| Special operating items | 4982 | 1798 | 11353 | 4656 | 7346 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 26821 | 22954 | 57044 | 44837 | 53039 |

1) Included in cost to inventory

## NOTE 4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

As a result of the Covid-19 outbreak during the first quarter 2020 there has been significant volatility in the global markets. A review of significant estimates and underlying assumptions has been conducted.

Aker BioMarine has since the early phase of the crisis started and continued monitoring of estimates for losses of receivables. As of the date of these interim financial statement, no significant changes in estimates have been performed.

Aker BioMarine has not identified any impact of Covid-19 in the condensed consolidated financial statement as of 30 September 2020 which requires any changes in the management's judgement, estimates or assumptions.

## NOTE 5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

As of 30 September, 2020

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Vessels, transportation equipment, etc | Machinery | Asset under construction | Buildings and Land | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acquisition cost as of 1 January, 2020 | 215303 | 134009 | 41222 | 18559 | 409092 |
| Investments | 600 | 2359 | 6721 | 68 | 9748 |
| Sale of vessel |  |  | (26 336) |  | (26 336) |
| Asset retirements | (1) | (1792) |  | (2) | (1795) |
| Other reclassifications 1) | (11 307) | 19033 | 8377 |  | 16103 |
| Acquisition cost as of 30 September, 2020 | 204595 | 153609 | 29984 | 18625 | 406812 |
| Acc. depreciation and impairment as of 1 January, 2020 | (59 404) | (36 312) | (8555) | (2 454) | (106 726) |
| Depreciation for the year | (11 934) | (10 475) |  | (415) | (22 824) |
| Sale of vessel |  |  | 5900 |  | 5900 |
| Impairment |  |  |  | (21) | (21) |
| Asset retirements | 1 | 1460 |  | 2 | 1463 |
| Other reclassifications | 5071 | (4 325) |  |  | 746 |
| Acc. depreciation and impairment as of 30 September, 2020 | $(66266)$ | (49 652) | (2 655) | (2888) | (121 461) |
| Book value as of 30 September, 2020 | 138329 | 103956 | 27329 | 15737 | 285351 |
| Depreciation period <br> Depreciation method | 10-30 years Straight-line | 3-20 years Straight-line |  |  |  |

As of 31 December, 2019

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Vessels, transportation equipment, etc | Machinery | Asset under construction | Buildings and Land | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acquisition cost as of 1 January, 2019 | 105250 | 95840 | 105271 | 8708 | 315069 |
| Investments | 4223 | 4802 | 117556 | 326 | 126906 |
| Investments from merger \& acquisition | - | 73 | - | - | 73 |
| Asset retirements | - | (428) | - | - | (428) |
| Other reclassifications 1) | 105830 | 33721 | (181 605) | 9525 | (32 529) |
| Acquisition cost as of 31 December, 2019 | 215303 | 134009 | 41222 | 18559 | 409092 |
| Acc. depreciation and impairment as of 1 January, 2019 | (46 278) | (33 027) | (2 654) | (728) | (82 687) |
| Depreciation for the year | (14979) | (9952) | - | (313) | (25 244) |
| Impairment | - | (255) | (5900) | - | $(6155)$ |
| Asset retirements | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other reclassifications | 1853 | 6921 | (1) | (1413) | 7360 |
| Acc. depreciation and impairment as of 31 December, 2019 | (59 404) | (36 312) | (8555) | (2 454) | (106 726) |
| Book value as of 31 December, 2019 | 155899 | 97696 | 32667 | 16105 | 302366 |
| Depreciation period Depreciation method | 10-30 years Straight-line | 3-20 years Straight-line |  |  |  |

## Specification depreciation and amortization

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | As of 30.092020 | As of $31.122^{2019}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Depreciation for the year - Property, plant and equipment | $(22824)$ | $(25244)$ |
| Impairment | $(21)$ | $(6155)$ |
| Depreciation for the year - Intangible assets | $(7642)$ | $(8699)$ |
| Leasing (ROU) depreciation | $(5022)$ | $(2833)$ |
| Total depreciation, amortization and impairment | $\mathbf{( 3 5 5 0 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 2 9 3 1 )}$ |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment non-production assets | 12540 | 17822 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment production assets | 22969 | 25109 |

## NOTE 6 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Movements in intangible assets as of September 30, 2020
As of 30 September, 2020

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Goodwill | Development | License agree- <br> ments | Fishing <br> licences | Customer <br> relation |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Trademark | TOTAL |  |  |  |  |

Movements in intangible assets as of December 31, 2019
As of 31 December, 2019

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | Goodwill | Development | License agreements | Fishing licences | Customer relation | Trademark | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acquisition cost as of 1 January, 2019 | 66401 | 5318 | 25514 |  | 45110 | 5675 | 148018 |
| Additions - external cost |  |  |  |  | 9 |  | 9 |
| Acquisition Lang | 28156 | - | - |  | 46174 | - | 74330 |
| Asset retirements | - | - | (23 118) |  | - | - | (23 118) |
| Reclassifications | - | - | - | 10500 | - | - | 10500 |
| Acquisition cost as of 31 December, 2019 | 94557 | 5318 | 2396 | 10500 | 91293 | 5675 | 209739 |
| Amortization and impairment losses as of 1 January, 2019 | - | (5 162) | (23 469) |  | (5229) | - | (33 860) |
| Amortization for the year | - | (83) | (377) |  | (8239) | - | (8699) |
| Impairment | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |
| Asset retirements | - | - | 23118 |  | - | - | 23118 |
| Reclassifications | - | - | 151 |  | (151) | - | - |
| Amortization and impairment losses as of 31 December, 2019 | - | (5 245) | (578) | - | (13 619) | - | (19 442) |
| Book value as of 31 December, 2019 | 94557 | 73 | 1818 | 10500 | 77674 | 5675 | 190297 |

The successful launch of Kori with confirmed key customer contracts was identified as the triggering event for the payment of the milestone fee of USD 10 million.

In accordance with IFRS 15.91 this payment has been recognized as an incremental cost of obtaining customer contracts in the Brands segment. The company expects to recover these costs from future sales in accordance with IFRS 15.91. The company would not have incurred these incremental costs if certain contracts had not been confirmed ref. IFRS 15.92. The triggering event occurred in the third quarter 2020.

## NOTE 7 INVENTORIES

Inventories are measured at the lower of actual production cost (including freight) and net realizable value. Acquisition cost is based on the actual cost of warehoused materials. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises the costs of raw materials, direct labor and other direct costs, and related production overheads. Indirect costs allocated to inventories, includes salaries, depreciation and certain other operating expenses. The company assigns cost of inventories using a weighted average cost formula.

During 2020 there has been a build-up of inventory in the Ingredients segment, from USD 57.6 million at 31 December 2019 to USD 87.3 million as of 30 September 2020. The inventory levels have been relatively flat in the Brands segment throughout the periods. In the Ingredients segment there has been a ramp-up in oil production, as well as three vessels in operations in the nine-month period.

During the third quarter in 2020 a previous impairment write-down of USD 1.6 million related to krill meal for oil extraction was reversed. After further analysis, the meal has been used in production.

## Inventories as per 30 September 2020

| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | INGREDIENTS | BRANDS | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw materials | - | 10168 | 10168 |
| Goods under production/ Semi finished | - | 12264 | 12264 |
| Finished goods | $\mathbf{8 7 2 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 2 9}$ | 96983 |
| INVENTORY AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020 | $\mathbf{8 7 2 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 1 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 9} \mathbf{4 1 5}$ |


| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | INGREDIENTS | BRANDS | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw materials | - | 9309 | 9309 |
| Goods under production / Semi finished | - | 9124 | 9124 |
| Finished goods | 66975 | 12427 | $\mathbf{7 9} 402$ |
| INVENTORY AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019 | $\mathbf{6 6 9 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 8 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 8 3 5}$ |


| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | INGREDIENTS | BRANDS | TOTAL |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Raw materials | - | 9015 | 90015 |
| Goods under production/ Semi finished | - | 12289 | 12289 |
| Finished goods | 57647 | $\mathbf{1 5 7 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 3} 421$ |
| INVENTORY AT 31 DECEMBER 2019 | $\mathbf{5 7 6 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 0 7 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 4 7 2 5}$ |

## NOTE 8 EQUITY INFORMATION

At 2 July 2020 the share capital of Aker Biomarine AS was changed to NOK 525.516.516 divided on 87586086 shares.
Before the Merkur market listing the number of shares was 69053 544. At quarter end the share price was NOK 93.0.

## NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no special subsequent events after the balance sheet date.

## ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE MEASURES (APMS)

Alternative performance measures, meaning financial performance measures not included within the applicable financial reporting framework, are used by the Group to provide supplemental information by excluding items that in our view, does not give indications of the periodic operating results. Financial APMs are used to enhance comparability of the results from a period to the next, and management uses these measures internally when driving performance in terms of long- and short-term forecasts. The measures are adjusted IFRS measures, and are defined, calculated and consistently applied in financial reporting. The Group focuses on EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA when presenting the period's financial result. Adjusted EBITDA is adjusted for special operating items.

Financial APMs should not be considered as substitute for measures of performance in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework.

## The Group's financial APMs

EBITDA: EBIT + depreciation and amortization and impairments

Adjusted EBITDA: EBITDA + special operating items. Special operation items include gains or losses on sale of assets, restructuring expenses and other material transactions of either non-recurring nature or special in nature compared to ordinary operational income or expenses.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to EBIT and Net income (loss) in the consolidated statements of profit or loss.

|  | Third Quarter |  | Year to date |  | Year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Net profit (loss) | 2385 | 600 | $(8397)$ | (5916) | (23 751) |
| Tax expense | 123 | (0) | 387 | 124 | 415 |
| Net financial items | 7364 | 5120 | 18191 | 14559 | 26097 |
| EBIT | 9872 | 5719 | 10181 | 8767 | 2762 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment non-production assets | 4308 | 8685 | 12540 | 13153 | 17822 |
| Depreciation, amortization and impairment production assets | 7659 | 6752 | 22969 | 18260 | 25109 |
| EBITDA | 21839 | 21156 | 45690 | 40181 | 45693 |
| Special operating items | 4982 | 1798 | 11353 | 4656 | 7346 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 26821 | 22954 | 57044 | 44837 | 53039 |

The following comprises the items included in Special Operating Items in Q3 2020, Q3 2019, YTD Q3 2020, YTD Q3 2019, and the full year 2019:

Special Operating Items

|  | Third Quarter |  | Year to date | Year |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars | 2020 | 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Juvel operating cost - Other operating income/(cost), net | $(430)$ | 616 | $(989)$ | 1317 | 1784 |
| Legal costs - SG\&A | - | 100 | 591 | 355 | 836 |
| Transaction related costs - SG\&A | - | - | - | 1298 | 1298 |
| Kori launch - SG\&A | 4314 | 1081 | 10345 | 1686 | 3428 |
| Oslo Børs listing - SG\&A | 1097 | - | 1406 | - | - |
| Sum | $\mathbf{4 9 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 9 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 3 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 3 4 6}$ |

Juvel operating cost: In 2018 there was a fire in the superstructure when the vessel was in Montevideo. In 2019, the vessel has not in any way been used in the ordinary course of business as intended by management. As part of the repair work the Company has incurred costs while in dock. These costs are recognized in the EBITDA and are reimbursed from the Company's insurer. The vessel was sold in Q2 2020, and net realized gain has been adjusted as a Special operating item. For further details concerning the sale of the vessel, please refer to note 5.

Transaction cost: On 1 March 2019 the company acquired Lang Pharma. The transaction related costs have been booked as an operating expense and recognized in the EBITDA under IFRS 3 'Business Combinations'. Given the complexity of the transaction and being cross-border, transaction related cost is deemed material. The amount is a non-recurring item, and no acquisition costs are recognized after Q4 2019.

Legal cost: During the reporting periods the Company has been in certain legal disputes about production related assets. Given the complexity of the legal proceedings, costs have been material. Cost are non-recurring in its nature.

Kori launch: As part of the Lang transaction, the Company is launching its own national brand in the US. The incurred costs are material and will continue through part of 2020. These costs include employment of Epion management team, R\&D on packaging and capsules, general start-up cost, and significant market development costs. Furthermore, these costs are deemed material and non-recurring after the launch of the Kori.

Oslo Børs Listing: As described in Highlights above, Aker BioMarine AS was listed on Merkur Market 6 July 2020. Costs directly attributable to the listing have be recognized as merger costs, and netted against the raised amount in equity, but the Company has also recognized other costs related to audit, investor presentations / roadshow, and advice which has been considered non-recurring in nature and therefore treated as a Special operating item.


[^0]:    *) See note 3 and separate disclosure covering the Aker BioMarine Group's use of Alternative Performance Measures (APMs).

[^1]:    1) Included in Cost of Goods Sold
